

**PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION/  
PROVINSIALE EKSAMEN**

**NOVEMBER 2021**

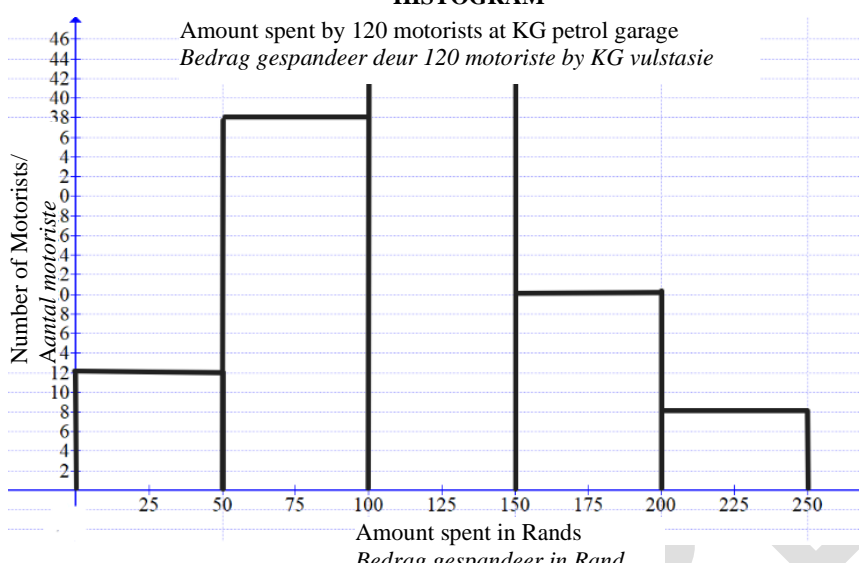
**GRADE 10/GRAAD 10**

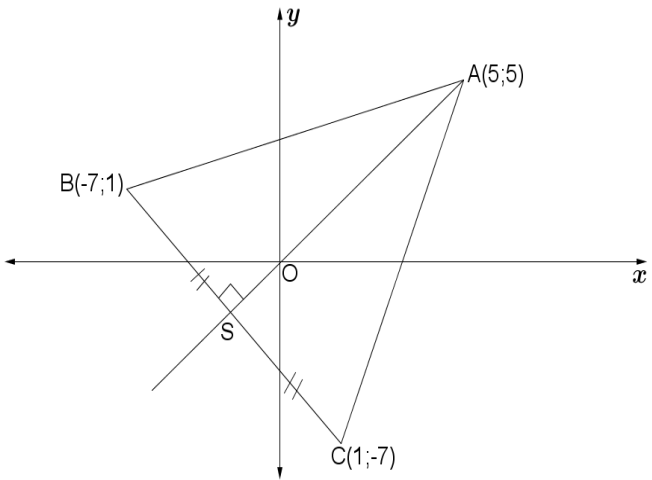
**MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE**

**MATHEMATICS/WISKUNDE  
(PAPER/VRAESTEL 2)**

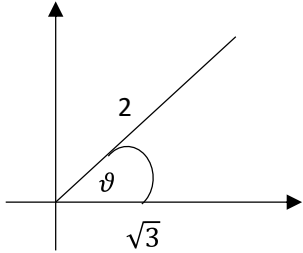
**10 pages/bladsye**

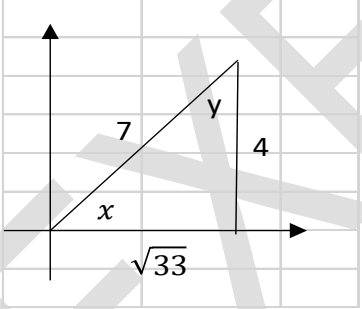
<b>1.</b>	<b>SUGGESTED SOLUTIONS/VOORGESTELDE OPLOSSINGS</b>		<b>EXPLANATION VERDUIDELIKING</b>	<b>MARKS PUNTE</b>
1.1	30		✓ Answer/Antwoord	(1)
1.2	1.2.1	35	✓ Answer/Antwoord	(1)
	1.2.2	30	✓ Answer/Antwoord	(1)
	1.2.3	38,5	Answer/Antwoord ✓ Accept 38 or 39/Aanvaar 38 of 39	(1)
1.3	Range = Max. – Min./ Omvang = Maks. – Min. = 44 – 24 = 20		✓ Method/Metode ✓ Answer/Antwoord	(2)
1.4	No. of packets of sweets above upper quartile/ Aantal pakkies lekkers bo die boonste kwartiel $= \frac{6}{25} \times 100\%$ = 24%		✓ Method/Metode ✓ Answer/Antwoord	(2)
				<b>[8]</b>

<b>2.</b>			
2.1	$200 < x \leq 250$	✓ Answer/ Antwoord	(1)
2.2	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>HISTOGRAM</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Amount spent by 120 motorists at KG petrol garage Bedrag gespandeer deur 120 motoriste by KG vulstasie</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Number of Motorists/ Aantal motoriste</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Amount spent in Rands Bedrag gespandeer in Rand</p>	<p>✓ 1st &amp; 2nd columns/ 1ste en 2de kolomme</p> <p>✓ Last three columns/ Laaste drie kolomme</p>	(2)
2.3	$\frac{30}{100} \times 120 = 36^{\text{th}}$ value/ $36^{\text{ste}}$ waarde $\therefore$ interval is/ <i>interval is</i> $50 < x \leq 100$	<p>✓ 36</p> <p>✓ Answer/ Antwoord</p>	(2)
2.4	$\frac{42}{120} \times 360^\circ = 126^\circ$	<p>✓ 42</p> <p>✓ Answer/ Antwoord</p>	(2)
			<b>[7]</b>

<p><b>3.</b></p>			
<p>3.1</p>	$\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}; \frac{y_1+y_2}{2}\right)$ $S\left(\frac{-7+1}{2}; \frac{1+(-7)}{2}\right)$ $\therefore S(-3; -3)$	<p>Wrong Formula NO Marks/ <i>Verkeerde Formule</i> <i>GEEN punte nie</i> ✓ Formula/Formule ✓ <math>x = -3</math>; ✓ <math>y = -3</math></p>	<p>(3)</p>
<p>3.2</p>	$m_{AC} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $= \frac{5 - (-7)}{1 - (-7)}$ $= 3$	<p>Wrong Formula NO Marks/ <i>Verkeerde Formule</i> <i>GEEN punte nie</i> ✓ Formula/Formule ✓ Answer/Antwoord</p>	<p>(2)</p>
<p>3.3</p>	$BC = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$ $BC = \sqrt{(-7 - 1)^2 + (1 - (-7))^2}$ $BC = 8\sqrt{2}$ $AS = \sqrt{(5 - (-3))^2 + (5 - (-3))^2}$ $AS = 8\sqrt{2}$	<p>✓ Formula/Formule  ✓ Correct substitution/Korrekte vervanging  ✓ BC</p>	<p>(3)</p>

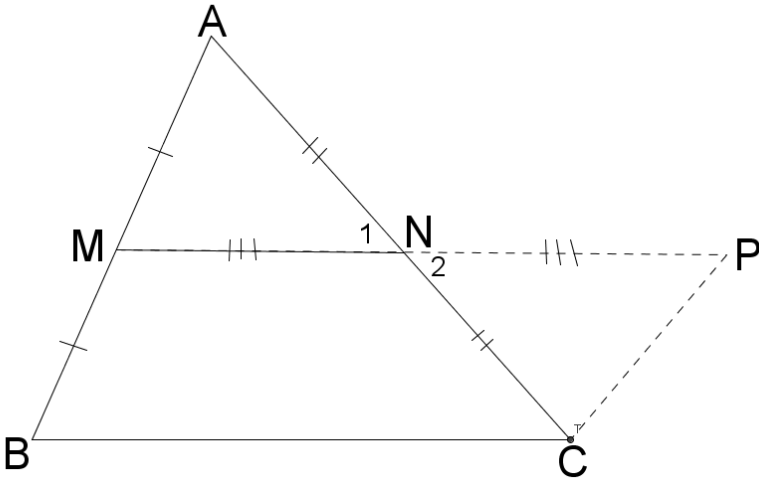
<p>3.4</p>	<p> <math>BC = 8\sqrt{2}</math>  <math>AS = \sqrt{(5 - (-3))^2 + (5 - (-3))^2}</math>  <math>AS = 8\sqrt{2}</math>                        Area of/area <math>\Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{base height/}</math>                      Area van/Area <math>\Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{basis hoogte}</math>  <math>= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8\sqrt{2} \cdot 8\sqrt{2}</math>  <math>AS = 64 \text{ unit}^2/\text{eenheid}^2</math>    <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p>   <math>BS = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}</math>  <math>BS = \sqrt{(-7 + 3)^2 + (1 + 3)^2}</math>  <math>BS = 4\sqrt{2}</math>  <math>AS = \sqrt{(5 - (-3))^2 + (5 - (-3))^2}</math>  <math>AS = 8\sqrt{2}</math>                      Area of <math>\Delta ABC = 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{base height/}</math>                      Area van <math>\Delta ABC = 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{basis hoogte}</math>  <math>= 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4\sqrt{2} \cdot 8\sqrt{2}</math>  <math>AS = 64 \text{ unit}^2/\text{eenheid}^2</math> </p>	<p>                     ✓ BC                        ✓ Formula/Formule                      ✓ AS                      ✓ Method/Metode                        ✓ Answer/Antwoord                          ✓ Formula/Formule                        ✓ BS                      ✓ AS                        ✓ Method/Metode                        ✓ Answer/Antwoord                 </p>	<p>(5)</p>
			<b>[13]</b>

4.				
4.1	4.1.1	$y^2 = (2)^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2$ $= 4 - 3$ $\therefore y = 1$ $\therefore \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ 	✓ sub in Pythagoras/ vervang in Pythagoras ✓ $y = 1$  ✓ $1/2$  ✓ diagram/ <i>diagram</i>	(3)
	4.1.2	$\sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$ $= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ $= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	✓ Sub.into $\cos \theta$ / Vervang in $\cos \theta$ ✓ $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	(2)
4.2	$\frac{1}{2} \sin 2y - [2 \tan^2 \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)] \cos x$ $\frac{1}{2} \sin 2(45^\circ) - [2 \tan^2 \left(\frac{60^\circ}{2}\right)] \cos 60^\circ$ $= \frac{1}{2} (1) - [2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2] \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ $= \frac{3-2\sqrt{3}}{6}$		✓ Correct substitution/ Korrekte vervanging  ✓ $\frac{1}{2} (1)$  ✓ $[2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2]$ ✓ $\frac{1}{2}$ ✓ $\frac{3-2\sqrt{3}}{6}$	(6)

4.3	4.3.1	$\sin(\beta - 17.8^\circ) = 0.215$  $\beta - 17.8^\circ = 12.4155^\circ$  $\beta = 12.4155^\circ + 17.8^\circ$  $\beta = 30.22^\circ$	$\checkmark 12,4155^\circ$ $\checkmark +17,8^\circ$ $\checkmark$ Answer/Antwoord	(3)
	4.3.2	$\tan 3\beta = \sqrt{3}$ $3\beta = 60^\circ$ $\beta = 20^\circ$	$\checkmark 60^\circ$ $\checkmark$ Answer/Antwoord	(2)
	4.3.3	$3\sin \frac{\beta}{2} = 2.012$ $\sin \frac{\beta}{2} = 0.670666$ $\frac{\beta}{2} = 41.11848^\circ$ $\beta = 84.24^\circ$	$\checkmark \sin \frac{\beta}{2} = 0,670666$ $\checkmark \frac{\beta}{2} = 41,11848^\circ$ $\checkmark$ Answer/Antwoord	(3)
4.4		$\frac{\tan 30 \operatorname{cosec} 60^\circ}{\cot 45^\circ \sin 45^\circ}$  $= \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \cdot 2}{1 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$ $= \frac{4}{3}$	$\checkmark \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ $\checkmark \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ $\checkmark 1$  $\checkmark$ Answer/Antwoord	(4)
				<b>[23]</b>
<b>5.</b>				
5.1		  $\sin x = \frac{4}{7}$ $\tan y = \frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}$ But/Maar: $\tan y = t$ $\therefore t^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right)^2$ $t = \frac{33}{16}$	$\checkmark$ diagram/diagram   $\checkmark \sin x = \frac{4}{7}$ $\checkmark \tan y = \frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}$ $\checkmark \tan y = t$ $\checkmark t^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{33}}{4}\right)^2$ $\checkmark$ Answer/Antwoord	(6)



6.4	$-1 \leq y \leq 1$ <b>OR/OF</b> $y \in [-1;1]$	✓ Inequality signs/ <i>Ongelykheidstekens</i> ✓ Critical points/ <i>Kritieke punte</i>	(2)
6.5	$x = 270^\circ$	✓ Inequality signs/ <i>Ongelykheidstekens</i> ✓ Critical points/ <i>Kritieke punte</i>	(2)
			[9]
7.			
7.1	$R\hat{Q}T + Q\hat{T}S = 180^\circ$ [Co-interior $\angle$ s ; $RQ \parallel ST$ ]/ [ko-binnehoekes ; $RQ \parallel ST$ ]  $2x + 2y = 180^\circ$ $x + y = 90^\circ$ $\hat{V}_2 + \hat{Q}_2 + \hat{T}_1 = 180^\circ$ [sum of int/som van binne $\angle^e$ van $\Delta$ ]/  $x + y + \hat{V}_2 = 180^\circ$ $90^\circ + \hat{V}_2 = 180^\circ$ $\hat{V}_2 = 90^\circ$	✓✓ S/R  ✓ S ✓ S/R ✓ S	(5)
7.2	$\hat{V}_1 = x$ [Alt $\angle$ s ; $RS \parallel QT$ /Verw binne $\angle^e$ $RS \parallel QT$ ] $RQ = RV$ [sides opp equal angles/sye teenoor gelyke hoeke] $RQ = ST$ [opp sides of a parallelogram/teenoorst. sye van // <sup>m</sup> ] $\hat{V}_3 = \hat{T}_1$ [Alt $\angle$ s ; $RS \parallel QT$ / Verw binne $\angle^e$ $RS \parallel QT$ ] $VS = ST$ [sides opp equal angles/sye teenoor gelyke hoeke] $RQ = RV$ [sides opp equal angles/sye teenoor gelyke hoeke] $VS = RQ = RV$ $RS = 2RQ$	✓ S ✓ S/R  ✓ S/R  ✓ S  ✓ S  ✓ S	(6)
			[11]

8.			
8.1	 <p> <math>MN = NP</math> {construction/konstruksie}  <math>\hat{N}_1 = \hat{N}_2</math> Vertically opposite angles/ Regoorst <math>\angle^e</math>  <math>AN = AC</math> given/gegee  <math>\Delta MNA \equiv \Delta PNC</math> SAS / s <math>\angle</math> s  <math>MA = CP</math> (<math>\equiv \Delta</math>s) / <math>\Delta^e \equiv</math>  <math>MP = BC</math> and <math>MB = PC</math>  <math>\therefore</math> MPCB is a parallelogram [both pairs of opp side =]  <i>MPCB is 'n   <sup>m</sup> [beide pare teenoorst sye = ]</i>  <math>MN \parallel BC</math> [opp sides of //gm/teenoorst sye van   <sup>m</sup> ]         </p>	<p>✓ construction/ konstruksie  /       ✓ S ✓ S/R ✓ S ✓ S/R ✓ S ✓ R</p>	(6)
8.2	<p> <math>TS \parallel UR</math> [midpoint theorem/middelpuntt stelling]  <math>UR = 2TS</math>  <math>TS = 2x</math> [Converse midpoint theorem/omgekeerde midpt stelling]  <math>UR = 2TS = 4x</math>  <math>UR = UV + VR</math>  <math>VR = 3x</math>  <b>OR/OF</b>  <math>UT = TQ</math> and <math>QS = SR</math> [<math>\frac{\text{given}}{\text{gegee}}</math>]  <math>TS \parallel UR</math> and <math>TS = \frac{1}{2}UR</math> [midpt theorem/midpt stelling]                      In <math>\Delta PTS</math>  <math>TU = UP</math> [given/gegee]  <math>TS \parallel UV</math> [proven/bewys]  <math>PV = VS</math> and <math>UV = \frac{1}{2}TS</math> [converse; midpt theorem/ omgekeerde midpt stelling]   <math>TS = 2x</math>  <math>UR = 4x</math>  <math>VR = 3x</math> </p>	<p>                     ✓ S/R                      ✓ S                      ✓ S/R                      ✓ S                      ✓ S                       ✓ S                       ✓ S/R                       ✓ S                      ✓ S                 </p>	(6)
			[12]
		TOTAL/TOTAAL:	100