



Province of the  
**EASTERN CAPE**  
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE/  
NASIONALE  
SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT**

**GRADE/GRAAD 11**

**NOVEMBER 2020**

**MATHEMATICS P1/WISKUNDE VI  
MARKING GUIDELINE/NASIENRIGLYN  
EXEMPLAR/EKSEMPLAAR**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

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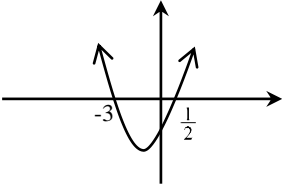
This marking guideline consists of 15 pages./  
*Hierdie nasienriglyn bestaan uit 15 bladsye.*

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**NOTE/LET WEL:**

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, mark the FIRST attempt ONLY.  
*Indien 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord, merk SLEGS die EERSTE poging.*
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking guideline.  
*Volgehoue akkuraatheid geld deurgaans in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyn.*
- If a candidate crossed out an attempt of a question and did not redo the question, mark the crossed-out attempt.  
*Indien 'n kandidaat 'n poging vir 'n vraag deurgetrek het en nie die vraag weer beantwoord het nie, merk die poging wat deurgetrek is.*
- The mark for substitution is awarded for substitution into the correct formula.  
*Die punt vir substitusie word toegeken vir substitusie in die korrekte formule.*

**QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1**

1.1.1	$(3x+2)(x-5) = 0$ $\therefore x = -\frac{2}{3}$ or / of $x = 5$	✓ ✓ answers / antwoorde (2)
1.1.2	$3x^2 - 5x - 1 = 0$ $\therefore x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $= \frac{-(-5) \pm \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4(3)(-1)}}{2(3)}$ $= \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{37}}{6}$ $= -0,18$ or / of $1,85$	✓ substitution / vervanging  ✓ ✓ answers / antwoorde (3)
1.1.3	$x = 4 - \sqrt{x-2}$ $\sqrt{x-2} = 4 - x$ $(x-2) = (4-x)^2$ $x-2 = 16 - 8x + x^2$ $x^2 - 9x + 18 = 0$ $(x-6)(x-3) = 0$ $\therefore x = 3$ or / of $x \neq 6$	✓ squaring both sides/ <i>kwadreer beide kante</i>  ✓ standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i> ✓ factors / <i>faktore</i> ✓ both x-values / <i>beide x-waardes</i> ✓ selection / <i>keuse</i> (5)
1.1.4	$2x^2 + 5x \leq 3$ $2x^2 + 5x - 3 \leq 0$ $(2x-1)(x+3) \leq 0$ $\therefore -3 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$	 ✓ standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i> ✓ factors / <i>faktore</i>  ✓ ✓ $-3 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$ (4)

<p>1.2.1</p>	$\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27}}\right)^2$ $= \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$ $= \frac{4}{9}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $\left[\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3\right]^{\frac{2}{3}}$ $= \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$ $= \frac{4}{9}$	$\checkmark \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27}}\right)^2$ <p><math>\checkmark</math> answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $\checkmark \left[\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3\right]^{\frac{2}{3}}$ <p><math>\checkmark</math> answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>1.2.2</p>	$(\sqrt{12} + 2)(\sqrt{3} - 1) = (2\sqrt{3} + 2)(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ $= 2 \cdot 3 - 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} - 2$ $= 6 - 2$ $= 4$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $(\sqrt{12} + 2)(\sqrt{3} - 1) = \sqrt{36} - \sqrt{12} + 2\sqrt{3} - 2$ $= 6 - 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} - 2$ $= 4$	$\checkmark 2\sqrt{3}$ $\checkmark 4 \cdot 3 - 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} - 2$ <p><math>\checkmark</math> answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $\checkmark \sqrt{36}$ $\checkmark 6 - 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} - 2$ <p><math>\checkmark</math> answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

1.3	$5y - x = 2 \quad (1)$ $x^2 - 3xy + 4y = 4 \quad (2)$ $x = 5y - 2 \quad (3)$ <p>Subst./Vervang (3) into/in (2):</p> $\therefore (5y - 2)^2 - 3y(5y - 2) + 4y - 4 = 0$ $25y^2 - 20y + 4 - 15y^2 + 6y + 4y - 4 = 0$ $10y^2 - 10y = 0$ $10y(y - 1) = 0$ $\therefore y = 0 \quad \text{or / of} \quad y = 1$ $x = 5y - 2$ $x = 5(0) - 2 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 5(1) - 2$ $\therefore x = -2 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 3$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR / OF</b></p> $5y - x = 2 \quad (1)$ $x^2 - 3xy + 4y = 4 \quad (2)$ $y = \frac{x+2}{5} = \frac{1}{5}(x+2) \quad (3)$ <p>Subst./Vervang (3) into/in (2),</p> $x^2 - 3x\left(\frac{1}{5}(x+2)\right) + 4\left(\frac{1}{5}(x+2)\right) = 4$ $x^2 - \frac{3}{5}x(x+2) + \frac{4}{5}(x+2) = 4$ $5x^2 - 3x^2 - 6x + 4x + 8 - 20 = 0$ $2x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$ $x^2 - x - 6 = 0$ $(x-3)(x+2) = 0$ $\therefore x = -2 \quad \text{or / of} \quad x = 3$ $y = \frac{1}{5}(-2+2) \quad \text{or / of} \quad y = \frac{1}{5}(3+2)$ $\therefore y = 0 \quad \text{or / of} \quad y = 1$	<p>✓ <math>x = 5x - 2</math></p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i></p> <p>✓ method;factors / <i>metode;faktore</i></p> <p>✓ both <math>x</math>-values / <i>beide x-waardes</i></p> <p>✓ both <math>y</math>-values / <i>beide y-waardes</i> (6)</p> <p>✓ <math>y = \frac{1}{5}(x+2)</math></p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i></p> <p>✓ factors / <i>faktore</i></p> <p>✓ both <math>y</math>-values / <i>beide y-waardes</i></p> <p>✓ both <math>x</math>-values / <i>beide x-waardes</i> (6)</p>
1.4.1	<p>Perimeter/Omtrek = <math>2l + 2b</math></p> $280 = 2(2x) + 2y$ $2y = 280 - 4x$ $\therefore y = 140 - 2x$ <p>Area/Oppervlakte = <math>lb</math></p> $= 2x \times y$ $= 2x(140 - 2x)$ $= 280x - 4x^2$	<p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ simplification / <i>vereenvoudiging</i></p> <p>✓ <math>A = 2x(140 - 2x)</math> (3)</p>

<p>1.4.2</p> $A = 280x - 4x^2$ $= -4(x^2 - 70x)$ $= -4(x^2 - 70x + 1225 - 1225)$ $= -4[(x - 35)^2 - 1225]$ $= -4(x - 35)^2 + 4900$ <p>∴ The maximum area is <math>4900m^2</math>  <i>Die maksimum oppervlakte is <math>4900m^2</math></i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ $= \frac{-280}{2(-4)}$ $= 35m$ <p>∴ <math>A = 280(35) - 4(35)^2</math>  <math>= 4900m^2</math></p>	<p>✓ completing the square /  <i>vierkantsvoltooiing</i></p> <p>✓ +4900</p> <p>✓ correct conclusion /  <i>korrekte gevolgtrekking</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> <p>✓ method/metode</p> <p>✓ 35 m</p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[31]</b></p>
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**QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2**

<p>2.1</p> $\frac{3 \cdot 2^{x+1} - 2 \cdot 4^x}{3 \cdot 2^x - 2^{2x}} = \frac{3 \cdot 2^x \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2^{2x}}{3 \cdot 2^x - 2^{2x}}$ $= \frac{2 \cdot 2^x (3 - 2^x)}{2^x (3 - 2^x)}$ $= 2$	<p>✓ <math>3 \cdot 2^x \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2^{2x}</math></p> <p>✓ factorisation of numerator /  <i>faktorisering van teller</i></p> <p>✓ factorisation of denominator /  <i>faktorisering van noemer</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>2.2.1</p> $5x^{\frac{2}{5}} = 20$ $x^{\frac{2}{5}} = 4$ $\left(x^{\frac{2}{5}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} = 4$ $\therefore x = \left(2^2\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}$ $= 2^5$ $= 32$	<p>✓ <math>x^{\frac{2}{5}} = 4</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\left(x^{\frac{2}{5}}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} = 4^{\frac{5}{2}}</math></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

2.2.2	$12^x \cdot 3^{x+1} = 648$ $12^x \cdot 3^x \cdot 3 = 648$ $12^x \cdot 3^x = 216$ $(12 \cdot 3)^x = 216$ $36^x = 216$ $6^{2x} = 6^3$ $2x = 3$ $x = \frac{3}{2}$	<p>✓ <math>12^x \cdot 3^x = 216</math></p> <p>✓ <math>6^{2x} = 6^3</math></p> <p>✓ equating exponents / gelykstel van eksponente</p> <p>✓ answer / antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
2.3	$f(x) = \frac{3x-2}{x^2+10x+25}$ <p><math>f</math> is undefined when : <math>f</math> is ongedefinieerd wanneer</p> $x^2+10x+25=0$ $(x+5)^2=0$ $x=-5$ <p><math>\therefore f</math> is defined for : <math>x \in \mathbb{R}</math>, but <math>x \neq -5</math></p> <p><math>f</math> is gedefinieerd vir : <math>x \in \mathbb{R}</math>, maar <math>x \neq -5</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>x^2+10x+25=0</math> for undefined / vir ongedefinieerd</p> <p>✓ <math>x=-5</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x \in \mathbb{R}</math> ✓ <math>x \neq -5</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[15]</b></p>

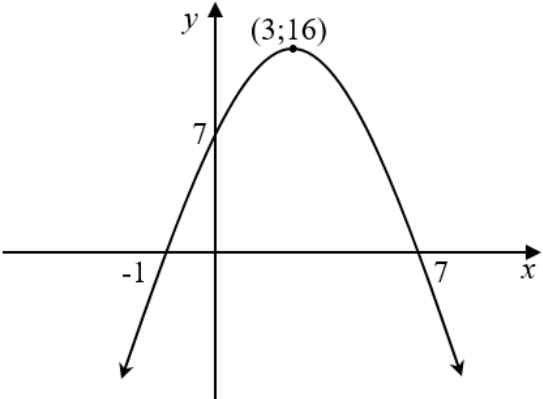
## QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

3.1.1	$9; 5; 1; \dots; -143$ $T_n = 13 - 4n$	<p>✓ 13 ✓ <math>-4n</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
3.1.2	$T_n = 13 - 4n$ $T_7 = 13 - 4(7)$ $= -15$	<p>✓ substitution / vervanging</p> <p>✓ <math>-15</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
3.1.3	$T_n = 13 - 4n$ $-143 = 13 - 4n$ $-156 = -4n$ $\therefore n = 39$	<p>✓ substitution / vervanging</p> <p>✓ answer / antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>



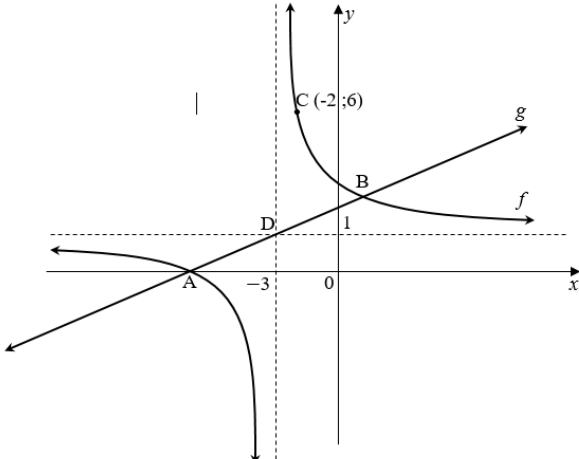
4.3	<p>For first differences: / <i>Vir eerste verskille</i>  4;8;12; ...</p> $T_n = 4n$ $192 = 4n$ $\therefore n = 48$ $\therefore 192 \text{ lies between } T_{48} \text{ and } T_{49}$ $192 \text{ lê tussen } T_{48} \text{ en } T_{49}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $T_{n+1} - T_n = 192$ $2(n+1)^2 - 2(n+1) - 12 - (2n^2 - 2n - 12) = 192$ $2(n^2 + 2n + 1) - 2n - 2 - 12 - 2n^2 + 2n + 12 = 192$ $2n^2 + 4n + 2 - 2n - 2 - 12 - 2n^2 + 2n + 12 = 192$ $\therefore 4n = 192$ $n = 48$ $\therefore 192 \text{ lies between } T_{48} \text{ and } T_{49}$ $192 \text{ lê tussen } T_{48} \text{ en } T_{49}$	$\checkmark T_n = 4n$ $\checkmark n = 48$ $\checkmark \text{ answer / antwoord} \quad (3)$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $\checkmark 2(n+1)^2 - 2(n+1) - 12 - (2n^2 - 2n - 12) = 192$ $\checkmark 4n = 192$ $\checkmark \text{ answer / antwoord} \quad (3)$
4.4	$P_n < 0 \Rightarrow T_n - 168 < 0$ $T_n < 168$ $2n^2 - 2n - 12 < 168$ $2n^2 - 2n - 180 < 0$ $n^2 - n - 90 < 0$ $(n-10)(n+9) < 0$ $-9 < n < 10$ <p>but / <i>maar</i>: <math>n &gt; 0</math></p> $\therefore \text{Number of terms} = 9$ $\text{Aantal terme} = 9$	$\checkmark 2n^2 - 2n - 12 < 168$ $\checkmark \text{ standard form / standaardvorm}$ $\checkmark \text{ factorisation / faktorisering}$ $\checkmark -9 < n < 10$ $\checkmark \text{ answer / antwoord} \quad (5)$
4.5	$T_n = 2n^2 - 2n - 12$ $= 2(n^2 - n - 6)$ $\therefore 2 \times \text{any } n > 0 \text{ is always even, so } T_n \text{ will always be even}$ $2 \times \text{enige } n > 0 \text{ is altyd ewe, so } T_n \text{ sal altyd ewe wees.}$	$\checkmark T_n = 2(n^2 - n - 6)$ $\checkmark \text{ explanation / verduideliking} \quad (2)$ <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[16]</b></p>

QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5

<p>5.1</p>	<p>At TP/By Draaipunt: <math>x = -\frac{b}{2a}</math></p> $= -\frac{6}{2(-1)}$ $= 3$ $\therefore y = -(3)^2 + 6(3) + 7$ $= 16$ <p><b>OR/OF</b></p> $f(x) = -x^2 + 6x + 7$ $= -(x^2 - 6x - 7)$ $= -[(x^2 - 6x + 9) - 9 - 7]$ $= -[(x - 3)^2 - 16]$ $= -(x - 3)^2 + 16$ $\therefore \text{Turning point / Draaipunt :}(3;16)$	<p>✓ method / metode</p> <p>✓ x-coordinate / x-koördinaat</p> <p>✓ y-coordinate / y-koördinaat</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ completing the square / vierkantsvoltooiing</p> <p>✓ x-coordinate / x-koördinaat</p> <p>✓ y-coordinate / y-koördinaat</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>5.2</p>	$-x^2 + 6x + 7 = 0$ $x^2 - 6x - 7 = 0$ $(x - 7)(x + 1) = 0$ $\therefore x = 7 \text{ or / of } x = -1$	<p>✓ <math>f(x) = 0</math></p> <p>✓ answers / antwoorde</p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>5.3</p>		<p>✓ y-intercept / y-afsnit</p> <p>✓ x-intercepts / x-afsnitte</p> <p>✓ turning point / draaipunt</p> <p>✓ shape / vorm</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>5.4</p>	<p><math>x = 3</math></p>	<p>✓ answer / antwoord</p> <p>(1)</p>

5.5	$f(x) = -x^2 + 6x + 7$ $f(-3) = -(-3)^2 + 6(-3) + 7$ $= -20$ $f(1) = -(1)^2 + 6(1) + 7$ $= 12$ <p>Average/Gemiddelde <math>m = \frac{12 - (-20)}{1 - (-3)}</math></p> $= \frac{32}{4}$ $= 8$	<p>✓ <math>f(-3) = -20</math></p> <p>✓ <math>f(1) = 12</math></p> <p>✓ substituting into gradient formula / vervang in gradiënt-formule</p> <p>✓ answer / antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
5.6	$f(x) = -x^2 + 6x + 7$ $= -(x-3)^2 + 16$ $\therefore h(x) = ((x-3)+4)^2 - 16$ $= (x+1)^2 - 16$	<p>✓ <math>a = 1</math> and/en <math>q = -16</math></p> <p>✓ <math>p = 1</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[16]</b></p>

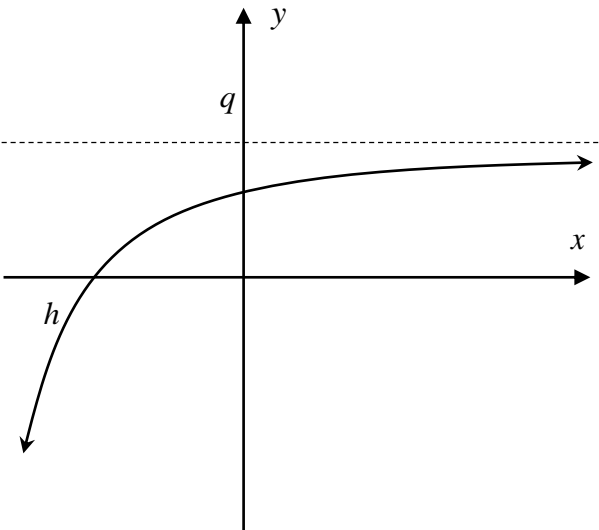
## QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6

		
6.1	$f(x) = \frac{a}{x+p} + q$ $= \frac{a}{x+3} + 1$	<p>✓ <math>p = 3</math> ✓ <math>q = 1</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
6.2	$f(x) = \frac{a}{x+3} + 1$ $6 = \frac{a}{-2+3} + 1$ $\therefore a = 5$	<p>✓ substitution / vervanging</p> <p>✓ answer / antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>

<p>6.3</p>	$f(x) = \frac{5}{x+3} + 1$ $0 = \frac{5}{x+3} + 1$ $-1 = \frac{5}{x+3}$ $-x-3 = 5$ $x = -8$ $\therefore A(-8;0)$	<p>✓ <math>y = 0</math></p> <p>✓ <math>x = -8</math></p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>6.4</p>	<p>A(-8;0) and/en D(-3;1)</p> $m_{AD} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $= \frac{1-0}{-3-(-8)}$ $\therefore b = \frac{1}{5}$ $g(x) = bx + c$ $= \frac{1}{5}x + c$ $0 = \frac{1}{5}(-8) + c \quad \text{or / of} \quad 1 = \frac{1}{5}(-3) + c$ $\therefore c = \frac{8}{5}$ $g(x) = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{8}{5}$	<p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ <math>m_{AD}</math></p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ equation / <i>vergelyking</i></p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>6.5</p>	<p><math>x \in (-\infty; \infty)</math> but / <i>maar</i> <math>x \neq -3</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR / OF</b></p> <p><math>x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq -3</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>x \in (-\infty; \infty)</math> ✓ <math>x \neq -3</math></p> <p>(2)</p> <p>✓ <math>x \in \mathbb{R}</math> ✓ <math>x \neq -3</math></p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>6.6</p>	$f(x) = g(x)$ $\frac{5}{x+3} + 1 = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{8}{5}$ $25 + 5(x+3) = x(x+3) + 8(x+3)$ $25 + 5x + 15 = x^2 + 3x + 8x + 24$ $x^2 + 6x - 16 = 0$ $(x+8)(x-2) = 0$ $x = -8 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 2$ $y = \frac{5}{2+3} + 1$ $= 2$ $\therefore B(2;2)$	$\checkmark \frac{5}{x+3} + 1 = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{8}{5}$ <p>✓ standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i></p> <p>✓ <i>x-values / x-waardes</i></p> <p>✓ coordinates / <i>koördinate</i></p> <p>(4)</p>

6.7	$-8 \leq x < -3$ or $x \geq 0$ <b>OR / OF</b> $x \in [-8; -3) \cup [0; \infty]$	$\checkmark \checkmark -8 \leq x < -3 \checkmark x \geq 0$ <b>OR / OF</b> $x \in [-8; -3) \checkmark \checkmark \cup [0; \infty) \checkmark$ (3) <b>[19]</b>
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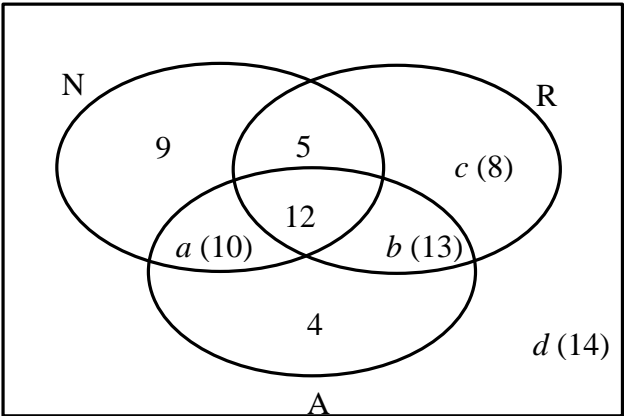
## QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

7.1.1	$y = -4$	$\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (1)
7.1.2	$y \in (-4; \infty)$ <b>OR / OF</b> $y > -4$	$\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (1) <b>OR / OF</b> $\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (1)
7.1.3	$g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x - 4$ $y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0 - 4$ $= -3$ $0 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x - 4$ $4 = (2^{-1})^x$ $2^2 = 2^{-x}$ $\therefore 2 = -x$ $x = -2$ <p>Intercepts / Afsnitte : (0; -3) and / en (-2; 0)</p>	$\checkmark$ y-value / y-waarde $\checkmark$ substitution / vervanging  $\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (3)
7.1.4	$x > -2$	$\checkmark$ answer / antwoord (1)
7.2		$\checkmark$ asymptote above x-axis <i>asimptoot bo x-as</i> $\checkmark$ y-intercept positive <i>y-afsnit positief</i> $\checkmark$ shape / vorm  (3) <b>[9]</b>

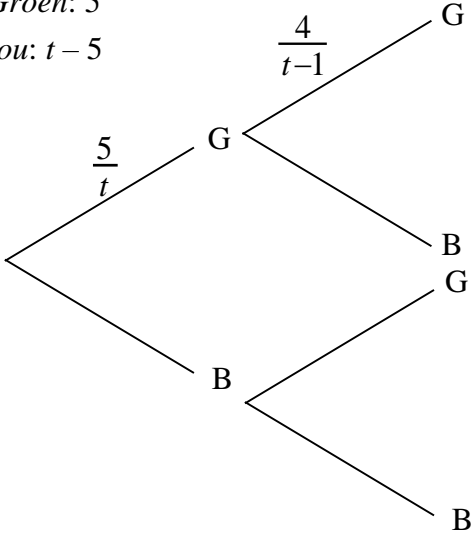
**QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8**

<p>8.1</p>	$i_{eff} = \left(1 + \frac{i_{nom}}{m}\right)^m - 1$ $= \left(1 + \frac{0,095}{12}\right)^{12} - 1$ $= 0,099247 \dots$ $\therefore r = 9,92\%$	<p>✓ formula / <i>formule</i></p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>8.2</p>	$A = P(1+i)^n$ $R\ 764\ 050,60 = P(1+0,08)^5$ $P = \frac{764050,60}{(1+0,08)^5}$ $= R\ 520\ 000$	<p>✓ <math>A = R\ 764\ 050,60</math></p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>8.3.1</p>	$A = \left[28\ 000\left(1 + \frac{0,075}{12}\right)^{48} - R\ 7\ 300\right]\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{4}\right)^{12}$ $= (R\ 37\ 760,78 - R\ 7\ 300)\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{4}\right)^{12}$ $= R\ 30\ 460,78\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{4}\right)^{12}$ $= R\ 42\ 181,59$	<p>✓ <math>28000\left(1 + \frac{0,075}{12}\right)^{48}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>-R\ 7\ 300</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\times\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{4}\right)^{12}</math></p> <p>✓ simplification / <i>vereenvoudiging</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
<p>8.3.2</p>	$A = P(1+i)^n$ $A = R\ 42\ 181,59\left(1 + \frac{0,08}{12}\right)^{60}$ $= R\ 62\ 844,06$ $R\ 80\ 000 - R\ 62\ 844,06$ $= R\ 17\ 155,94$ $\therefore A = P(1+i)^n$ $R\ 17\ 155,94 = P\left(1 + \frac{0,08}{12}\right)^{60}$ $P = \frac{17155,94}{\left(1 + \frac{0,08}{12}\right)^{60}}$ $= R\ 11\ 515,25$ <p><math>\therefore</math> He needs to deposit R11 515 / <i>Hy moet R11 515 deponeer</i></p>	<p>✓ substitution into correct formula <i>vervanging in korrekte formule</i></p> <p>✓ R62 844,06</p> <p>✓ R17 155,964</p> <p>✓ method / <i>metode</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[16]</b></p>

QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9

<p>9.1</p>	<p>If A and B are independent, then:  <i>As A en B onafhanklik is, dan:</i>  <math>P(A \text{ and/en } B) = P(A) \times P(B)</math></p> <p><math>P(A) = 1 - P(\text{not/nie } A)</math>  <math>= 1 - 0,45</math>  <math>= 0,55</math>  <math>= \frac{11}{20}</math></p> <p><math>P(A \text{ or/of } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and/en } B)</math>  <math>0,685 = 0,55 + 0,3 - P(A \text{ and/en } B)</math>  <math>\therefore P(A \text{ and/en } B) = 0,165</math>  <math>= \frac{33}{200}</math></p> <p><math>P(A) \times P(B) = 0,55 \times 0,3</math>  <math>= 0,165</math>  <math>= \frac{33}{200}</math></p> <p><math>\therefore A</math> and <math>B</math> are independent events. /  <i>A en B is onafhanklike gebeurtenisse.</i></p>	<p>✓ 0,55</p> <p>✓ substitution / <i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p>✓ <math>P(A) \times P(B)</math></p> <p>✓ conclusion / <i>gevolgtrekking</i></p> <p>(5)</p>
<p>9.2.1</p>	 <p><math>a = 10 ; b = 13 ; c = 8 ; d = 14</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>a = 10</math></p> <p>✓ <math>b = 13</math></p> <p>✓ <math>c = 8</math></p> <p>✓ <math>d = 14</math></p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>9.2.2</p>	<p><math>P(A \text{ or/of } (N \text{ and/en } R)) = \frac{39}{75} + \frac{5}{75}</math>  <math>= \frac{44}{75}</math>  <math>\approx 0,59</math></p>	<p>✓ <math>\frac{39}{75}</math> ✓ <math>+\frac{5}{75}</math></p> <p>✓ answer / <i>antwoord</i></p> <p>(3)  <b>[12]</b></p>

QUESTION 10/VRAAG 10

<p>10</p>	<p>Let the total number of balls be <math>t</math>. <i>Laat die totale aantal balle <math>t</math> wees.</i></p> <p>Green/Groen: 5 Blue/Blou: <math>t - 5</math></p>  <p><math>P(GG) = P(G) \times P(G)</math> <math>\frac{5}{t} \times \frac{4}{t-1} = \frac{5}{18}</math> <math>\frac{20}{t(t-1)} = \frac{5}{18}</math> <math>5t^2 - 5t = 360</math> <math>5t^2 - 5t - 360 = 0</math> <math>t^2 - t - 72 = 0</math> <math>(t-9)(t+8) = 0</math> <math>\therefore t = 9 \text{ or } t = -8</math> <math>\therefore</math> There are 9 balls. <i>Daar is 9 balle.</i></p>	<p><math>\checkmark \frac{5}{t} \checkmark</math> and/en <math>\frac{4}{t-1}</math></p> <p><math>\checkmark</math> equation / <i>vergelyking</i></p> <p><math>\checkmark</math> standard form / <i>standaardvorm</i></p> <p><math>\checkmark</math> factorisation / <i>faktorisering</i></p> <p><math>\checkmark t = 9</math></p> <p>(6)</p>
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TOTAL / TOTAAL: 150